## **SECTION 4**

#### PERIODIC INSPECTION

#### NOTE

Perhaps no other factor is quite so important to safety and durability of the aircraft and its components as faithful and diligent attention to regular checks for minor troubles and prompt repair when they are found.

The operator should bear in mind that the items listed in the following pages do not constitute a complete aircraft inspection, but are meant for the engine only. Consult the airframe manufacturer's handbook for additional instructions.

*Pre-Starting Inspection* – The daily pre-flight inspection is a check of the aircraft prior to the first flight of the day. This inspection is to determine the general condition of the aircraft and engine.

The importance of proper pre-flight inspection cannot be over emphasized. Statistics prove several hundred accidents occur yearly directly responsible to poor pre-flight inspection.

Among the major causes of poor pre-flight inspection are lack of concentration, reluctance to acknowledge the need for a check list, carelessness bred by familiarity and haste.

# SECTION 4 PERIODIC INSPECTION

# 1. DAILY PRE-FLIGHT.

- a. Be sure all switches are in the "Off" position.
- b. Be sure magneto ground wires are connected.
- c. Check oil level.
- d. Be sure that fuel tanks are full.
- e. Check fuel and oil connections, note minor indications for repair at 50-hour inspection. Repair any major leaks before aircraft is flown.
- f. Open the fuel drain to remove any accumulation of water and sediment.
- g. Make sure all shields and cowling are in place and secure. If any are missing or damaged, repair or replacement should be made before the aircraft is flown.
- h. Check controls for general condition, travel and freedom of operation.
- i. Induction system air filter should be inspected and serviced in accordance with the airframe manufacturer's recommendation.

2. 25-HOUR INSPECTION. After the first twenty-five hours operating time, new, rebuilt or newly overhauled engines should undergo a 50-hour inspection including draining and renewing lubricating oil. Engines equipped with oil pressure screen are required to comply with the following inspection after every 25 hours of operating time.

- a. Lubrication System (Engines Equipped with Oil Pressure Screen)
  - (1) Remove oil suction and oil pressure screens and check carefully for presence of metal particles that are indicative of internal engine damage. Clean and reinstall the oil suction and oil pressure screens. Drain and renew the lubricating oil.

### NOTE

Change the oil at least every four (4) months even if the engine has not accumulated 25 hours since the last oil change.

*3. 50-HOUR INSPECTION.* In addition to the items listed for daily pre-flight inspection, the following maintenance checks should be made after every 50 hours of operation.

- a. Ignition System
  - (1) If fouling of spark plugs has been apparent, rotate bottom plugs to upper position.
  - (2) Examine spark plug leads of cable and ceramics for corrosion and deposits. This condition is evidence of either leaking spark plugs, improper cleaning of the spark plug walls or connector ends. When this condition is found, clean the cable ends, spark plug walls and ceramics with a dry, clean cloth or a clean cloth moistened with methyl-ethyl-ketone. All parts should be clean and dry before reassembly.

# LYCOMING OPERATOR'S MANUAL O-320 SERIES

# SECTION 4 PERIODIC INSPECTION

- (3) Check ignition harness for security of mounting clamps and be sure connections are tight at spark plug and magneto terminals.
- b. Fuel and Induction System Check the primer lines (where applicable) for leaks and security of the clamps. Remove and clean the fuel inlet strainers. Check the mixture control and throttle linkage for travel, freedom of movement, security of the clamps and lubricate if necessary. Check the air intake ducts for leaks, security, filter damage; evidence of dust or other solid material in the ducts is indicative of inadequate filter care or damaged filter. Check vent lines for evidence of fuel or oil seepage; if present, fuel pump may require replacement.
- c. Lubrication System (Engines Equipped with an External Full Flow Oil Filter)
  - (1) Remove oil suction and oil pressure screens and check carefully for presence of metal particles that are indicative of internal engine damage.
  - (2) Replace external full flow oil filter element. Drain and renew lubricating oil.

### NOTE

Change the oil at least every four (4) months even if the engine has not accumulated 50 hours since the last oil change.

- (3) Check oil lines for leaks, particularly at connections for security of anchorage and for wear due to rubbing or vibration, for dents and cracks.
- *d. Exhaust System* Check attaching flanges at exhaust ports on cylinder for evidence of leakage. If they are loose, they must be removed and machined flat before they are reassembled and tightened. Examine exhaust manifolds for general condition.
- *e. Cooling System* Check cowling and baffles for damage and secure anchorage. Any damaged or missing part of the cooling system must be repaired or replaced before the aircraft resumes operation.
- *f.* Cylinders Check rocker box covers for evidence of oil leaks. If found, replace gasket and tighten screws to specified torque (50 inch lbs.).

Check cylinders for evidence of excessive heat which is indicated by burned paint on the cylinder. This condition is indicative of internal damage to the cylinder and, if found, its cause must be determined and corrected before the aircraft resumes operation.

4. 100-HOUR INSPECTION. In addition to the items listed for daily pre-flight and 50-hour inspection, the following maintenance check should be made after every one hundred hours of operation.

- a. Electrical System
  - (1) Check all wiring connected to the engine or accessories. Any shielded cables that are damaged should be replaced. Replace clamps or loose wires and check terminals for security and cleanliness.

# SECTION 4 PERIODIC INSPECTION

- (2) Remove spark plugs; test, clean and regap. Replace if necessary.
- *b. Magnetos* Check breaker points for pitting and minimum gap. Check for excessive oil in the breaker compartment, if found, wipe dry with a clean lint free cloth. The felt located at the breaker points should be lubricated in accordance with the magneto manufacturer's instructions. Check magneto to engine timing. Timing procedure is described in Section 5, 1, b of this manual.
- *c. Engine Accessories* Engine mounted accessories such as pumps, temperature and pressure sensing units should be checked for secure mounting, tight connections.
- d. Cylinders Check cylinders visually for cracked or broken fins.
- *e. Engine Mounts* Check engine mounting bolts and bushings for security and excessive wear. Replace any bushings that are excessively worn.
- *f. Fuel Lines* Check fuel lines for fuel stains which are indicative of fuel leaks. Repair or replacement must be accomplished before the aircraft resumes operation.

5. 400-HOUR INSPECTION. In addition to the items listed for daily pre-flight, 50-hour and 100-hour inspections, the following maintenance check should be made after every 400 hours of operation.

*Valve Inspection* – Remove rocker box covers and check for freedom of valve rockers when valves are closed. Look for evidence of abnormal wear or broken parts in the area of the valve tips, valve keeper, springs and spring seats. If any indications are found, the cylinder and all of its components should be removed (including the piston and connecting rod assembly) and inspected for further damage. Replace any parts that do not conform with limits shown in the latest revision of Special Service Publication No. SSP1776.

6. NON-SCHEDULED INSPECTIONS. Occasionally, service bulletins or service instructions are issued by Lycoming Engines that require inspection procedures that are not listed in this manual. Such publications, usually are limited to specified engine models and become obsolete after corrective modification has been accomplished. All such publications are available from Lycoming distributors, or from the factory by subscription. Consult the latest revision of Service Letter No. L114 for subscription information. Maintenance facilities should have an up-to-date file of these publications available at all times.